(*a*) the names of persons who appear to the Collector to be under sixteen or over fifty years of age shall be omitted, and

(*b*) any land-holder who is unaccustomed to manual labour shall be permitted, when called to assist at any repair, clearance or work, to furnish as a substitute any able-bodied person whose name is not on the list.

Publication of names included in the list.

4. The Collector shall cause the names of the persons holding land or resident in each village within the area fixed under Rule 2, included in the list, to be posted up in the chaudi or on some other public building in such village, and to be proclaimed in the village by beat of drum.

Hearing of objections.

5. Any person whose name is entered in the list may apply in writing to the Collector to have his name removed therefrom. The Collector, after such inquiry (if any) as he thinks necessary, shall record his decision in writing for either rejecting or granting the application.

Subject, as provided in Section 67 of the Act, to the supervision and control of the Commissioner of the Division, the Collector's order shall be final.

6. In these Rules the word 'Collector' shall include any officer appointed by the Governor in Council to exercise the power of a Collector under Section 59 of the Act."

Rules and Orders under Bombay Act I of 1880.

(*Khoti Settlement.*)

Rules under Clauses (a), (b), (e) and (f) of Section 40 of the Act.

Notn. No. 1659, dated 11th March 1882, B. G. G., 1882, Pt. I, p. 262.— In exercise of the power conferred on him in this behalf under Section 40 of the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880 (Bombay Act I of 1880), the Governor in Council is pleased to frame the following Rules under Clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*e*) and (*f*) of that Section (namely) :—.

Crop Appraisement Rules under Clause (a).

I. (For amended Rule I, see Notification No. 6720, dated 22nd September 1886, printed at page 595, infra.)

II. The days fixed by the khot for inspection and appraisement of crops shall be notified by him in writing to all and every one of his tenants in the village, and the Police Patel shall be directed by the Collector to affix notices to the temples and by beat of drum and otherwise to make these dates known at least seven days previously, and if for any sufficient cause (as that the crop is not ripe, &c.) any crop is not inspected or appraised on the days so fixed, the inspection and appraisement shall not, except with the consent of the tenant, take place until after a similar second notification has been made in the village.

But the date fixed by the second notification must be within the limits specified in the preceding rule.

III.
IV.
V.
VI.
(For amended Rules III, IV, V and VI, see Notification No. 6720, dated 22nd September 1886, printed at page 595, infra.)

VII. A tenant who has not signed the Abhavani Patrak, or who has signed it with a mark only, may, if dissatisfied with the appraisement, petition the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari of the Táluka or Mahál in which the village is situate, within six days of the khot making the appraisement, and such officer shall forthwith nominate three respectable inhabitants of the village or its neighbourhood to inspect and appraise the crop within seven days. The appraisement made by such persons, or a majority of them, shall be final and shall be entered by the khot at the time it is made in the Abhavani Patrak, and the entry shall be signed by the said three persons or the majority of them.

VIII. (For amended Rule VIII, see Notification No. 6720, dated 22nd September 1886, printed at page 595, infra.)

IX. It shall not be lawful for a tenant to reap his crop until after the same has been inspected and appraised, or until the expiry of the dates mentioned in Rule I within which the inspections and appraisements of crops by the khot should be completed. If the tenant reaps his crop in contravention of the above rule, every presumption on doubtful points shall be made in the khot's favour.

X. (For amended Rule X, see Notification No. 6720, dated 22nd September 1886, printed at page 595, infra.)

Rules under Clause (b).

I. An entry in the Paháni Kharda of *Dhára*, if not rebutted, shall be conclusive proof of *dhára*. If the Paháni Kharda only shows that a certain area was held as *dhára*, but gives no *thikáns*, the land to be entered as *dhára* shall be chosen at the discretion of the Settlement Officer from the survey numbers in the rayat's possession; always provided that the area and the proportion of rice to Varkas land which may be given in the Paháni Kharda be not exceeded, and that if no information is available as to the said proportion, it shall be assumed to be 1 acre of rice to 4 acres of Varkas.

II. Where there is no Paháni Kharda but a Goshwára entry only, this entry if not rebutted, shall be conclusive proof that the Khátedár holds some *dhára*. To ascertain the area of his *dhára* it will be necessary to discover at what rates the land assessment of the village was fixed. Evidence of this may be obtained from the Paháni Khardas of surrounding villages or otherwise. The Settlement Officer shall then proceed as in the last clause of Rule 1. If the land assessment rates cannot be ascertained to the satisfaction of the Settlement Officer, the highest rate known to have existed at the date of the Goshwára must be taken as a basis and the same procedure followed.

III. The evidence of entry in Paháni Kharda or Goshwára may be rebutted by the khot producing written proof from his accounts that he has taken "*Thal*" or *Makta* payments for three consecutive years within the twelve years

preceding the introduction of the survey. In "*Thal*" he must show for Varkas land payments in successive years from the same land of the three crops of Náchni, Wari, and Harik.

IV. If there is no Paháni Kharda or Goshwára, the possession of *dhára* may be proved by the production of receipt-books showing *dhára* payments for a sufficient number of years to satisfy the Settlement Officer. If no thikáns are given in the receipt-books, he shall proceed as in the last clause of Rule I.

V. If a rayat is proved to hold some *dhára*, and if it is not proved that any of the land in his possession has paid *thal*, the whole of the land in his possession shall be entered as *dhára*.

Rules under Clause (e).

I. When a khot sharer sells any of his private khoti land (Khoti Khásgi), the buyer thereof shall be entered in the survey papers in respect of that land as an occupancy tenant paying customary rates with the right to alienate his land.

II. A Khelta Dhárekari shall be bound every year, on or before the 30th April, to give notice to the khot, stating what fields in the Khoti Nisbat Kháta he intends during the ensuing season to cultivate at *dhára* rates. If he fails to do so, he will be presumed to have waived his right for that season and will have to pay "*Thal*" for any khoti land that he does cultivate.

III. The rent payable to the managing khot by khot sharers for their private khoti land shall be the customary rates of the village for occupancy tenants, unless it is proved that before 1865 khot sharers paid a *Makta* or a lower rate of "*Thal*," in which case the ancient practice shall be followed.

IV. Land about which there is, or has been, a boundary dispute between two villages shall be entered in the name of the occupant as follows:—

(*a*). If both villages are Niwal Dhára, as *dhára* land.

(*b*). If both villages are Niwal Khoti, as occupancy tenant's land paying ardhel and tirdhel.

(*c*). In any other case, as occupancy tenant's land paying survey assessment and local fund cess only.

V. *Dhárekaris and quasi-dhárekaris have a right to cut, without permission from the Collector or Assistant Collector, all trees growing in their dhára land except teak and black wood.*[1] A Khelta Dhárekari has no right to cut trees.

VI. The khot shall keep under Section 15 the following three accounts:—

1. The Appraisement Register.
2. The Ledger.
3. The Rayat's Receipt-books.

They shall be kept in the forms hereunto annexed (Appendix I).

The Appraisement Register shall be filled up at the time of the crop appraisement in the manner laid down in Rule IV of the Appraisement Rules under clause (*a*) of Section 40.

The Ledger is to be kept in the ordinary form of debit and credit account, showing the amount due from and paid by each rayat in a separate kháta for

[1] The first sentence of this rule is rescinded by Notification No. 6972, dated 12th October 1887, printed at page 596, *infra*.

each kháta of the Botkhat. The items of the debit side of the rayat's account relating to grain payments are to be written up within 15 days from the date within which the appraisement of the crops to which the items severally relate must be made under the Appraisement Rules.

The rayat's receipt-book is to be written up on the debit side, in cases of grain payments, within one month from the several dates within which the appraisement of the crops must severally be made; in cases of dhára or quasi-dhára payments, before the 1st September.

Whenever a payment is made by a rayat, a receipt is then and there to be entered by the khot on the credit side of the rayat's receipt-book and the book returned to its owner.

If the rayats do not bring their books to be written up on the debit side within the proper time, the khot shall immediately on the expiry of the period make a report to the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari to that effect, who will then issue the necessary instructions to the rayats.

If a rayat brings grain or cash in payment of his revenue to the khot without bringing his receipt-book also, the khot shall accept the payment, but note the omission in the entry of payment in the rayat's kháta and give a separate dated receipt.

All the account-books must be brought or sent by the khot to the kacheri of the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari to be sealed on or before the 1st July of the year preceding that for which they are to be used. This includes fresh rayats' receipt-books which must be handed over to the khot for this purpose by the rayat on or before the 1st June of the year preceding that in which they are to be first used.

Every page of every account-book shall be sealed. The books for the first two accounts shall be provided by the khot. Each rayat shall provide his own receipt-book. Besides the three accounts above mentioned the khot shall take a copy of the *Botkhat* at his own expense, and shall keep it properly corrected, as the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari shall notify.

The copy of the *Botkhat* so made shall, if the village be attached, be delivered up by the khot to the Mámlatdár for the use of the Japtidár, and on the attachment ceasing shall be returned to the khot. The khot shall also take a copy of the "*Sud*" and "*Phalni*" books. If he does not do so, he will be responsible for any mistakes that might have been prevented by the use of those books, but shall not be subject to any other penalty.

The managing khot shall be bound to provide a convenient place within the boundaries of the village itself to which the rayats may bring their payments whether in cash or kind. He shall not be entitled, on any pretence whatever, to require a tenant to pay his rent in any other place except the village in the survey papers of which the tenant's name is entered.

VII. The *Botkhat* shall be in the form hereto annexed. (Appendix No. 1, Form No. 1). The customary rates of the village shall be recorded in full at the bottom of the *Botkhat*.

Any corrections ordered to be made in the *Botkhat* shall be signed by the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari.

If a proper *wántap* or division has been made, each khot sharer shall be denoted by a number and each rayat's kháta containing khoti land shall have the said khoti land entered with the number denoting the khot sharer in whose share

the land is affixed to the survey number, and all the survey numbers in the share of one particular khot sharer shall be entered consecutively.

In all cases in which the Settlement Officer has decided that khoti land is alienable by a tenant, the fact shall be entered in column 5 of the *Botkhat* by the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari.

Rules under Clause (f).

I. No forfeiture under Section X shall be certified in the case of an occupancy tenant unless he has failed to pay rent for two consecutive years, nor if the tenant is a minor, shall any forfeiture be certified until two years after he has attained his majority and has failed to pay rent.

II. If the khot is in actual possession when the minor attains his majority and refuses to vacate, the Collector shall, on the minor's application, put him in possession.

III. If from any cause whatever, except the necessity of keeping fallows, an occupancy tenant fails to cultivate his land, the khot may cultivate it for him during that season, just as if it were khot-nisbat land, but if he does so cultivate, he shall be entitled to no assistance under Section 14.

IV. The form of written application under Section 12 shall be as follows :—

TO THE COLLECTOR OF RATNÁGIRI.

I (*or* we), the undersigned khot (*or* khot sharers) of the village of (—) do hereby certify that I (*or* we) have conferred on *A.B.* the rights and privileges of a dhárekari (*or* quasi-dhárekari, &c., *as the case may be*) in respect of the Survey numbers and Pot or Phalni numbers of the said village tabulated below :—

Survey Number.	Pot or Phalni Number.	Area.	Assessment.

and I (*or* we) do request that an entry to this effect may be made in the Botkhat of the said village.

(Signed)———

(Date)———

All the known khot sharers or their duly empowered attorneys shall sign—otherwise the application will be rejected.

V. Under Section 27, if there is no agreement as to the order of rotation, the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari shall, on or before the 1st June in each year, issue a notice calling on the co-sharers to nominate one of their number on or before the 30th of June to be Managing Khot for the following revenue year.

VI. The dates for the payments of instalments of the khot's jama shall be as at present, *viz.*, 15th December, 1st February, 15th March, 1st May.

The dates for payment of rents by dhárekaris and quasi-dhárekaris shall be the same as for khots; but a dupetkari shall pay his grain rents on the same dates as occupancy tenants do.

Occupancy tenants shall pay their grain rents as follows:—

On the 15th December—

Half the total *Thal* payment due in *Halwa* or early rice and *Mahán* or late rice and the total *Thal* payment due in *Halwa Varkas*.

On the 1st February—

The other half of the total *Thal* payment due in *Halwa* rice and *Mahán* rice and half the total *Thal* payment due in *Mahán Varkas*.

On the 15th March—

The other half of total *Thal* payment due in *Mahán Varkas*.

On the 1st June—

The total *Thal* payment due on account of all other crops

except Bágáyat, the *Thal* payment for which must be paid within what the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari in each disputed case may consider a reasonable time.

If the occupancy tenant pays a Makta he shall pay it in three equal instalments on the 15th December, 1st February and 15th March.

VII. The certificate to be given to the Managing Khot under Section 29 is to be in the form hereto annexed (Appendix I, Form 4).

APPENDIX No. I.

FORM 1.

APPRAISEMENT REGISTER.

FORM OF BOTKHAT.

BOTKHAT OF MAUZE , TARF , TÁLUKA , ZILLAH RATNÁGIRI, A.D. 18

Khoti Rights and Shares.

Khot Number.	Wántaps or Divisions of Shares held separately.	Division of Shares among the Wakalas or Families as finally settled.	Shares of Persons interested other than those mentioned in Columns 2 and 3, of their Sub-sharers.	Names of Persons having interest referred to in Columns 2 and 4 or 3 and 4, and the Names of their Mortgagees.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	As.	As.	As. p.		
1	4	...	...	Hari Govind Sápkar.	
			1 0	1 Hari Govind himself.	
			1 0	2 Trimbak Náráyan Sápkar.	
			2 0	3 Bábáji Shivrám Sápkar, mortagagee Rámchandra Govind Mule.	
		Total ...	4 0		
	...	4	...	Krishnáji Dáji Joshi.	
			2 0	1 Krishnáji Dáji himself.	
			2 0	2 Vishwanáth Ganesh Joshi.	
		Total ...	4 0		
...	...	8	...	Sadáshiv Govind Diwekar.	
			1 0	1 Sadáshiv Govind himself.	
			1 0	2 Bápuji Govind Diwekar.	
			1 0	3 Venkatesh Náráyan Diwekar.	
			1 0	4 Bhikáji Ganesh Diwekar.	
			2 0	5 Keshav Rámchandra Diwekar.	
			2 0	6 Vital Yeshwant Diwekar, Mortgagee.	
				Báláji Vásudev Barwe.	
		Total ...	8 0		
			Rs. a. p.		
	4	12	1 0 0		

Number.			Name of Field.	Tenure, viz., Inám or Khálsa (Government), Dhára or Khoti and other Tenures. Whether a Khoti tenant has a right to sell Khoti land or not? If he has, to state that he has.	Khoti Number.	Share out of the whole Village on Khoti.	Kharif or Rice Lands.	
Survey Number.	Pot Number.	Phalni Number.					Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Sajaná bin Pingoji Bhogale No. 1.				A. g.	Rs. a. p.
1	7	...	Mhésondá	Dhára ...	...	...	...	...
6	...	10, 20, 21 & 22	Kalacha Parya ...	Do. ...	...	...	...	...
8	1	...	Do. ...	Do. ...	...	...	0 6½	0 11 0
12	1	...	Kudété	Do. ...	...	...	0 13	1 6 0
16	...	10, 11, 20 & 21	Gottana	Do. ...	...	...	...	...
24	...	1	Kargalmhos ...	Do. ...	...	...	...	...
37	1	...	Wawalyachi Gottana.	Do. ...	...	...	...	...
43	5	...	Wadáché	Do. ...	...	...	0 23¾	2 8 0
44	...	7	Shivkala Batáchi ...	Do. ...	...	...	...	...
51	5	...	Kharwat	Do. ...	...	As. 8	0 30	3 12 0
77	...	9, 10 & 15	Paryaché	Do. ...	...	...	...	...
...	6	13					1 33¾	8 5 0
17	...	7 & 12	Gawan	Occupancy Tenant.	1	...	...	...
50	...	4, 11 & 19	Warkhadicha Mala .	Do. ...	1	...	...	...
50	...	20	Do ...	Do. ...	1	As. 8	...	...
77	...	5	Parayaché	Do. ...	1	...	...	...
...	...	7					...	...
1	...	2	Mhasonda	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
12	...	1	Koodyat	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
17	...	13	Gawana	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
29	...	3 & 4	Dewalácha Sada ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
35	...	1	Devala Nageek ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
...	...	6 & 9	Dewalácha Sada ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
36	...	11	Dhakta Sada ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
38	...	2 & 10	Payarichi Pakhar ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
...	...	18	Do. ...	Do. ...	2	As. 8	...	...
40	...	4 & 8	Touk	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
51	...	7	Kharwat	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
75	...	9	Touk...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
...	...	16					...	...
...	6	36					1 33¾	8 5 0

SURVEY ASSESSMENTS PAYABLE.

Rabi Lands.		Garden Lands.		Varkas Lands.		Assessment on Cocoanut Trees.	Total of Assessment.
Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.	Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.	Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.		
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
A. g.	Rs. a. p.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	...	0 10	1 4 0	...	.....	...	1 4 0
...	...	....	...	3 15	0 8 6	...	0 8 6
...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	0 11 0
...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	1 6 0
...	...	...	...	9 2	1 3 6	...	1 3 6
...	...	...	...	0 34	0 3 0	...	0 3 0
...	...	0 4½	0 10 0	...	.....	...	0 10 0
...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	2 8 0
...	...	...	...	0 13	0 1 0	...	0 1 0
...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	3 12 0
...	...	...	...	3 19	0 8 6	...	0 8 6
...	...	0 14½	1 14 0	17 3	2 8 6	...	12 11 6
...	...	...	...	3 28	0 9 0	...	0 9 0
...	...	...	...	2 30	0 5 0	...	0 5 0
...	...	...	...	1 5	0 2 0	...	0 2 0
...	...	...	...	0 34	0 3 0	...	0 3 0
...	...	...	...	8 17	1 3 0	...	1 3 0
...	...	...	...	0 1	0 0 6	...	0 0 6
...	...	...	...	0 2	0 0 6	...	0 0 6
...	...	...	...	1 0	0 2 0	...	0 2 0
...	...	...	...	1 21	0 5 0	...	0 5 0
...	...	...	...	2 0	0 5 0	...	0 5 0
...	...	...	...	1 18	0 5 0	...	0 5 0
...	...	...	...	0 22	0 2 0	...	0 2 0
...	...	...	...	1 6	0 2 6	...	0 2 6
...	...	...	...	0 20	0 1 0	...	0 1 0
...	...	...	...	1 20	0 4 6	...	0 4 6
...	...	...	...	0 2	0 0 6	...	0 0 6
...	...	...	...	2 10	0 6 0	...	0 6 0
...	...	...	...	12 2	2 2 6	...	2 2 6
...	...	0 14½	1 14 0	37 22	5 14 0	...	16 1 0

Number.			Name of Field.	Tenure, viz., Inám or Khálsa (Government), Dhára or Khoti and other Tenures. Whether a Khoti tenant has a right to sell Khoti land or not? If he has, to state that he has.	Khoti Number.	Share out of the whole Village on Khoti.	Kharif or Rice Lands.	
Survey Number.	Pot Number.	Phalni Number.					Acres and Gunthas.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Subhanna bin Ganna Mhápadi No. 16.				A. g.	Rs. a. p.
16	...	6 & 9	Gawtana	Occupancy Tenant.	1	...	...	...
6	...	2	Khaláchа Parya ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
17	...	4	Gawana	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
38	...	4	Páyarichi Páklar ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
42	...	6	Khonda	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
44	...	6	Shinvkala Batáchi ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
50	...	14 & 17	Warkhadicha Mal ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
74	...	1, 4 & 6	Matacha Sada ...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
75	...	5	Tonk...	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
77	...	14	Parayaché	Do. ...	2	...	...	...
...	...	12			...	...	...	...
...	...	14			...	...	...	...
			Details.					
			Dhára Lands		...	...	18 29	86 10 0
			Khoti land belonging to Khot No. I...		...	...	0 15½	1 4 0
			Do. do. No. II...		...	...	0 15½	1 11 0
					...	...	0 31	2 15 0
80	125	427			...	...	19 20	89 9 0
2	...	3	Waste		...	...	...	...
82	125	430	Waste and cultivated lands together ...		...	...	19 20	89 9 0

The abovementioned Khátedárs are to pay as follows:—

1. The holders of Dhára lands should pay the Survey Assessment and the Local Fund Cess
2. The quasi-dhárekaris are to pay the Survey Assessment in addition to the excess amount
3. The holders of the Khoti lands are to pay as follows:—
   1. The Khoti tenants except the Khoti sharers, and
   2. The Khoti sharers are to pay in accordance with the decisions recorded at the dated the 24th April 187 .

SURVEY ASSESSMENTS PAYABLE.

Rabi Lands.		Garden Lands.		Varkas Lands.		Assessment on Cocoanut Trees.	Total of Assessment.
Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.	Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.	Acres and Gunthás.	Amount.		
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
A. g.	Rs. a. p.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	...	...	...	1 20	0 3 0	...	0 3 0
...	...	...	...	1 0	0 3 0	...	0 3 0
...	...	...	...	0 20	0 1 0	...	0 1 0
...	...	...	...	0 10	0 0 6	...	0 0 6
...	...	...	...	0 12	0 0 6	...	0 0 6
...	...	...	...	0 1	0 0 6	...	0 0 6
...	...	...	...	1 7	0 2 6	...	0 2 6
...	...	...	...	0 35	0 3 0	...	0 3 0
...	...	...	...	0 35	0 2 0	...	0 2 0
...	...	...	...	1 14	0 3 0	...	0 3 0
...	...	...	...	6 14	1 0 0	...	1 0 0
...	...	...	...	7 34	1 3 0	...	1 3 0
...	...	15 16½	71 15 0	59 29	9 3 6	...	167 12 6
...	...	1 20½	5 7 0	131 8	20 3 6	...	26 14 6
...	...	0 19½	1 5 0	355 8	56 13 6	...	59 13 6
...	...	1 39¾	6 12 0	486 11	77 1 0	...	86 12 0
...	...	17 16¼	78 11 0	546 0	86 4 6	...	254 8 6
...	...	...	...	0 28	.....	...	.....
...	...	17 16¼	78 11 0	546 28	86 4 6	...	254 8 6

at the rate of one anna for each rupee of assessment.
of rent at the rates (to be mentioned below) given in the Schedule annexed to the Khoti Act.

Special Ruzuwát and confirmed by the Settlement Officer under Government Reso ution No. 2474,

FORM 2.

Khatáwani or Ledger of Mauze ,Tarf ,Táluka ,Zilla Ratnágiri, for the Khoti portion of the village lands for A. D. 1878-79, being Shaké 1800-1801.

RICE IN HUSK.			GOPAL BIN RAMA NACHRA No.					
Monsoon Crops.			*Nágli.*			*Wari.*		
K.	m.	p.	K.	m.	p.	K.	m.	p.
0	2	0 Tikán Rátámbi, being S. N. 125, Pot No. 6. 10 gunthas is estimated to yield 4 maunds, of which the khot's share is one-half, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.	0	2	0 Tikán Kawal-taimbi, being S. N. 128, Phalni 4. 2 acres is estimated to yield 6 maunds, of which the khot's share is one-third, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.	0	1	0 Tikán Kawal-taimbi, being S. N. 128, Phalni 4. 1 acre 5 gunthás is estimated to produce 3 maunds, of which the khot's share is one-third, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.
0	6	0 Tikán Sonambi, being S. N. 8, Pot No. 1. 20 gunthas is estimated to yield 12 maunds, of which the khot's share is one-half, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.			*Receipts.*			*Receipts.*
		Fair weather Crops.	0	2	0 Paid for the current year in person or through A on the 14th March 1880, at the rate of 45 rupees per khandi, Rs.4-8-0.	0	1	0 Paid for the current year in person or through one maund of wari, at the rate of 40 rupees per khandi, Rs. 2-0-0.
0	5	0 Tikán Kamath, being S. N. 142, Pot No. 3. 25 gunthas is estimated to yield 10 maunds, of which the khot's share is one-half, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.	0	0	0 Balance.	0	0	0 Balance.
0	2	0 Tikán Kúdété, being S. N. 150,	KAD-DAN.					
			Kadwe.			*Betel-nut.*		
			0	1	0 Tikán Kamath, being S. N. 142,	K.	m.	srs.
						0	0	4 Tikán Sonambi, being S N. 8,

Pot No. 1. 20 gunthás is estimated to yield 4 maunds, of which the khot's share is one-half, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.

0 15 0

Receipts.

0 7 0 Paid in person or through for the current year on the 14th March 1880, seven maunds of rice in husk at the rate of Rs. 35 per khandi (Rs. 12-4-0).

0 8 0 Balance for the current year.

Til.

0 2 0 Tikán Masanwate, being S. N. 130, Phalni 2. 1 acre and 5 gunthas is estimated to yield six maunds of til, of which one-third is the khot's share, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.

Pot No. 3. 25 gunthas is estimated to yield 2 maunds of Kadwé, of which the khot's share is one-half, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.

Receipts.

0 1 0 Paid for the current year in person or through on the 28th May 1880, one maund.

0 0 0 Balance.

Jack-fruit.

No.
250 Jack-trees in Gastan and S. N. 130 are estimated to yield 500 jack-fruit, of which one-half is the khot's share, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.

Receipts.

250 Paid for the current year on the 25th May 1880 in person or through two hundred and fifty jack-fruit.

0 Balance.

Pot No. 1. 20 gunthás is estimated to yield 8 sers of betelnut, of which the khot's share is one-half, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.

Receipts.

0 0 4 Paid for the current year on the 28th May 1880 in person or through 4 sers of betelnut.

0 0 0 Balance.

Cocoanuts.

No.
50 Two cocoanut trees in S. N. 130 are estimated to yield 100 cocoanuts, of which one-half is, the khot's share, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.

0 Receipts.

50 Balance. Fifty cocoanuts for the current year.

FORM 2—*continued.*

Receipts.	*Sugarcane produce (Jaggery).*	*Harik.*
K. m. p	K. m.srs.	K. m. p.
0 2 0 Paid for the current year on the 14th March 1880, in person or through two maundsof til.	0 1 20 Tikán Kúdété, being S. N. 150, Pot No. 2. 20 gunthas is estimated to yield 3 maunds of jaggery, of which one-half is the khot's share, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.	0 1 8 Tikán Kawal-taimbi, being S. N. 128, Pot No. 4. 25 gunthas is estimated to yield 4 maunds and 8 pylis of harik, of which one-third is the khot's share, *vide* No. of Abhawani Patrak.
0 0 0 Balance.	*Receipts.*	*Receipts.*
	0 1 0 Paid for the current year on the 25th May 1880 in person or through one maund of jaggery.	0 1 0 Paid for the current year on the 14th March 1880 in person or through one maund of harik.
	0 0 20 Balance for the current year.	0 0 8 Balance.

FORM 3.

Ledger page. FORM OF RAYAT'S RECEIPT-BOOK. *No. of Ledger Account.*

Lakshman Vishwanath Pettey, inhabitant of Mauze ,Taraf ,Táluka ,Zilla Ratnagiri, for A. D. 1879-80.

Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
8 2 0	Amount paid in cash in person or through on the 5th of December 1879	6 8 0
	Current year—	
	7 12 0 Land Revenue.	
	0 6 0 Local Fund Cess.	
	8 2 0 Rupees eight and annas two only.	
	(Signed) GOVIND KESHAV, Khot.	
K. m. ps.		
0 13 0	Amount of rent in kind paid in person or through on the 14th March 1880	1 6 6
	Current yaer—	Rs. a. p.
	K. m. p.	
	0 7 0 Rice in husk at Rs. 35 per khandi ...	12 4 0
	0 2 0 Nágli at Rs. 45 per do. ...	4 8 0
	0 1 0 Wari at Rs. 40 per do. ...	2 0 0
	0 1 0 Harik.	
	0 2 0 Til.	
		18 12 0
	0 13 0 Thirteen maunds of grain or three maunds of grain and the value of ten maunds, *viz.*, rupees eighteen and annas twelve only.	
	(Signed) GOVIND KESHAV, Khot.	

Balance—
Amount due as settled for the current year.
Assessment on Dhára lands.
Land Revenue.

Name of Thikán.	S. N.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land. A. g.	Assessment. Rs. a. p
Rewa	5	2	0	0 10	0 6 0
Fanshi	15	8	0	5 2	6 2 0
				5 12	6 8 0

Assessment on Daspata lands.

Rs. a. p.
1 4 0 Land Revenue.

Name of Thikán.	S. N.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land. A. g.	Assessment. Rs. a. p.
Ganiché	4	3	0	0 5	0 8 0
Shéwré	8	2	0	0 10	0 12 0
				0 15	1 4 0

0 2 6 Excess amount of rent fixed at the survey settlement according to Mámul (old) custom in regard to Daspata lands.

1 6 6

FORM OF RAYAT'S RECEIPT-BOOK—*continued.*

K. m. srs.		Rs. a. p.	
	Paid for the current year on the 25th May 1880	1 5 4	Assessment on Didpata lands.
	250 (No.) jack-fruit in person or through		1 5 4 Land Revenue.
0 1 0	Sugar-cane produce (jaggery) in weight in person or through		
	Two hundred and fifty jack-fruits and one maund of jaggery.		
	(Signed) GOVIND KESHAV, Khot.		
	Paid for the current year on the 28th May 1880.		
0 0 4	Betel-nut weighing four sers in person or through		
0 1 0	Kad-dan—kadwé, one maund.		
	Four sers of betel-nut and one maund of kadwé.		
	(Signed) GOVIND KESHAV, Khot.		
K. m. p.			
0 0 6	Remission.		
	Amount of rent in kind remitted from the current year's khot's share in rice produce in S. N. 8, Pot No. 1, *viz.*, six pailis.		
	(Signed) GOVIND KESHAV, Khot.	0 9 1	Local Fund Cess at the rate of one anna for each rupee of assessment on dhára and quasi-dhára lands.

	S. N.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land. A. g.	Assessment. Rs. a. p.
Dand	15	5	0	0 10	0 12 0
Shinu	20	4	0	0 9	0 9 4
				0 19	1 5 4

Excess amount of rent in kind fixed at the survey and settlement according to the Mámul (old) custom in regard to Didpata lands.

K. m. p.	
0 0 6	Rice in husk at the rate of—
	Nágli do. do.
	Wari do. do.
0 0 6	

Revenue on account of khoti lands in which this rayat is an occupancy tenant.

Name of Thíkán.	S. N.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land. A. g.
Sonambi	... 8	1	0	0 30
Rátámbi	... 125	6	0	0 10
Kawal-taimbi	... 128	0	4	4 9
Masanwate	... 130	0	2	2 5
Kamath	... 142	3	0	1 10
Kúdété	... 150	2	0	0 20
				9 4

Abstract.

Nature of item.	Receipts during the year.	Balance at the close of the year.	Total.
In Cash.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cash	8 2 0	1 10 11	9 12 11
In Kind.	K. m. ps.	K. m. ps.	K. m. ps.
Rice in husk ...	0 7 6	0 8 0	0 15 6
Nágli	0 2 0	...	0 2 0
Wari	0 1 0	...	0 1 0
Harik	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 1 8
Til	0 2 0	...	0 2 0
Kadwé	0 1 0	...	0 1 0
In Weight.	K. m. srs.	K. m. srs.	K. m. srs.
Betel-nut	0 0 4	...	0 0 4
Sugar-cane produce (jaggery)	0 1 0	0 0 20	0 1 20
In Number.	No.	No.	No.
Jack-fruit	250	...	250
Coconuts	...	50	50
Bundles of rice straw ...	...	300	300

(Signed) GOVIND KESHAV,
Khot.

Details as to payments due on Khoti lands cultivated during the current year.

K. m. ps.
1 2 8 Assessment in kind.

No. of Thikán.	S.N.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land.	Grain Produce.	Khot's Share.
	Monsoon Crops.			A. g.	M. p.	M. p.
K. m. ps.						
0 8 0 Rice in husk.						
Rátámbi ...	125	6	0	0 10	4 0	2 0
Sonambi ...	8	1	0	0 20	12 0	6 0
				0 30	16 0	8 0
0 2 0 Nágli.						
Kawal-taimbi.	128	0	4	2 0	6 0	2 0
0 1 0 Wari.						
Kawal-taimbi .	128	0	4	1 5	3 0	1 0
0 1 8 Harik.						
Kawal-taimbi .	128	0	4	0 25	4 8	1 8
0 2 0 Til.						
Masanwate ...	130	0	2	1 5	6 0	2 0

160 bundles of rice straw at the rate of twenty bundles per each maund of rice.

Fair Weather Crops.

K. m. ps.		S.N.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Land. A. g.	Grain produce. M. p.	Khot's share. M. p.
0 7 0	Rice in husk.						
	Kamath ...	142	3	0	0 25	10 0	5 0
	Kudété ...	150	2	0	0 20	4 0	2 0
					1 5	14 0	7 0
	Kad-dan.						
0 1 0	Kadvé						
	Kamath...	142	3	0	0 25	2 0	1 0
1 2 8	140 bundles of rice straw at the rate of twenty bundles per each maund of rice.						

K. m. srs.	
0 1 24	Assessment in weight.
0 0 4	Half of the produce of betel-nut in S. N. 8, Pot No. 1, weighing 8 sers.
0 1 20	Half of the sugarcane produce (jaggery) in S. N. 150, Pot No. 2, weighing 3 maunds.
0 1 24	

No.	
300	Fruits.
	No.
250	Half of the jack-fruit in Gawtan land and S. N. 130, numbering 500.
50	Half of the cocoanuts from 2 cocoanut trees in S. N. 130, in all 100 cocoanuts.
300	

Details of Payments due.

Nature of item.	Amount.	Name of item.	Amount.
In Cash.	Rs. a. p.	*In Weight.*	K. m. srs.
Cash	9 12 11	Betel-nut	0 0 4
		Sugarcane produce (jaggery)	0 1 20
In Kind.	K. M. ps.		
Rice in husk	0 15 6	*In Number.*	No.
Nágli	0 2 0	Jack-fruit	250
Wari	0 1 0	Cocoanuts	50
Harik...	0 1 8	Bundles of rice straw.	300
Til	0 2 0		
Kadwé	0 1 0		

Explanatory Notes.

1. When value is paid in lieu of grain assessment, the quantity of grain is to be credited and the value paid is to be shown in the body of the entry.
2. The balance outstanding at the end of the year should be shown in detail for each year.
3. It will be only necessary to give full details of Survey, Pot, and Palni Numbers, acres and assessment once in five years, but in the meantime should any numbers, &c., be deducted or added on, then full particulars showing the additions or deductions to be given.
4. When value is recovered in lieu of grain assessment during the period of attachment of a village by Government, the amount should be shown on the debit side and the quantities of all kinds of grain for which the money is paid should be shown separately in the body of the entry. There is no necessity for showing similar details on the credit side. During the Khot's management remark No. 1 is to be followed.
5. In the case of a pure Khot village or a tenant-at-will, of course, no details as to Dhára, Daspata, &c., need at all be given.
6. All receipt-books are to be written up as shown in this form, *viz.*, Jamábandi on the debit side and the receipts on the credit side; or, if convenient, Jamábandi may be written in detail first and then receipts immediately below.

FORM 4.

No.

Seal.

_____

is appointed under Section 29 of Bombay Act I of 1880 by the Collector of the District of Ratnágiri to be Managing Khot of the village of _____ Táluka _____ in the aforesaid District for the revenue year 18 .

Mámlatdár.

Date _____

No.

_____

is appointed under Section 29 of Bombay Act I of 1880 by the Collector of the District of Ratnágiri to be Managing Khot of the village of _____ Táluka _____ in the aforesaid District for the revenue year 18 .

Mámlatdár.

Date _____

Amendments in Khoti Settlement **Rules.**

Notn. No. 6720, dated 22nd September 1886, B. G. G., 1886, Pt. I, p. 808.—In exercise of the power conferred on him in this behalf under Section 40 of the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following amended rules in substitution of Rules I, III, IV, V, VI, VIII and X of the rules published in Notification No. 1659, dated 11th March 1882[1], under clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*e*) and (*f*) of that section :—

I. Whenever the rent payable to the khot consists of a share of the produce of the tenant's land, the amount of produce claimable by the khot shall be ascertained by an estimate of the probable yield of the crop of each field to be made by the khot on an inspection of the crop a reasonable time before the same is ready for reaping in the presence of the tenant, or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent, and of two respectable witnesses, one of whom is able to read and write, provided that unless the tenant otherwise desires the khot shall inspect and appraise the crops specified below on or before the dates entered below :—

Halwa Nágli—On or before the 10th September.

Other Halwa crops—On or before the 1st October.

Late crops, that is harik, kulith, udid, tág, and túr—On or before the 15th November.

Other late crops—On or before the 1st November.

Rabi, e.g., gram, &c.—On or before the 1st March.

Summer crops, e.g., páwta, &c.—On or before the 20th March.

Hot weather crops, e.g., rice (wáigan), náchni (gimvas), jack-fruit, &c.—On or before the 20th May.

Provided further that in the case of bágáyat crops the mámlatdár or mahálkari shall decide what constitutes a reasonable time within the meaning of this rule.

III. If notwithstanding that the days fixed for the inspection and appraisement have been notified as aforesaid, the tenant, or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent, is not present in his field on the days so fixed, the khot shall nevertheless proceed to inspect and appraise such tenant's crops and shall inform such tenant in writing of the appraisement so made within 24 hours of the same by sending him a copy of the entries relating to his fields by the khot in the abhavani patrak mentioned in the rule immediately following.

IV. It shall be the duty of the khot to keep a book to be called the abhavani patrak in such form as the Collector may, from time to time, prescribe in which he shall at the time of every inspection and appraisement that he shall make, enter on the spot the particulars of such inspection and appraisement, or cause the same to be entered. Each entry in the said book shall bear the date on which it is made, and shall be signed by the khot making the

(1) Printed *supra*, page 575.

inspection and appraisement, by both witnesses, and also, if the tenant or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent, be present and admit the correctness of the entry, by the tenant, such member of his family, or such agent, provided always, that such tenant, member or agent is able to write his name and does not use a mark.

V. The khot shall be bound, if the tenant, or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent is present, to give him then and there a signed copy of the entries relating to his fields made in the abhavani patrak. If the tenant admits the correctness of the entries and has brought his receipt-book, the entries shall be copied on the debit side of the receipt book. In all other cases the copy shall be on a separate slip.

VI. An entry duly made in the abhavani patrak in accordance with the foregoing provisions, and signed with his name by the tenant or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein recorded, and the appraisement shall be deemed to be final; and an entry so made when the tenant, or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent fails to be present, shall be presumed to be correct until the contrary is proved in the manner prescribed in the next following rule, and provided the tenant has been informed of the appraisement in the manner prescribed in the last part of Rule III.

VIII. If the khot fails to keep an abhavani patrak or to inspect or appraise the crop at the time and in the manner laid down in Rule I or to make an entry or to cause the same to be made therein in the manner hereinbefore provided, or to give information to the tenant in the manner provided in Rule III, he shall be entitled to recover from the tenant such rent only as may be due according to the yield of the crop admitted by the tenant.

X. If the tenant without making a petition under Rule VII reaps his crop after it has been inspected and appraised by the khot in the presence of such tenant or a member of his family appointed by him in writing for that purpose, or his legally appointed agent, or after the khot has given such tenant information in the manner provided in Rule III, he shall be deemed to have admitted the correctness of the khot's estimate.

Notn. No. 6972, dated 12th October 1887, para. 1, B. G. G., 1887, Pt. I, p. 853.—Under Section 40 of the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880, the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind the first sentence of No. V of the rules framed under clause (*c*) of the said section, published on pages 262—275 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1882, Part I, and to direct that in future the said rule shall run as follows:—

V. A Khelta Dhárekari has no right to cut trees.

Rules under Section 40 (d) of the Act.

Notn. No. 6794, dated 11th September 1889, B. G. G., 1889, Pt. I, p. 779.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 40 (*d*) of the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules to determine the extent to which rules or orders made under Section 214 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, shall be applicable to villages to which the said Khoti Settlement Act extends (namely):—

1. No rule or order which shall be hereafter made under Section 214 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, shall be applicable to the said villages, unless it is expressly directed in such rule or order, or in some subsequent rule or order, that it shall be applicable thereto.

2. Of the rules and orders at present in force under Section 214 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879, Nos. 7 to 34, both inclusive, 36, 37, 43, 46 paragraph 2, 50, 53, 57, 58 to 72, both inclusive, 74 to 82, both inclusive, 84 to 86, both inclusive, 87 paragraph 2, 88, 99, proviso I and III, clause 2, sub-clause (*c*), and clause 3, sub-clause (*b*) shall not be applicable to the said villages.

3. The rest of the said rules and orders shall be applicable to the said villages, subject, as regards those of them which are herein-below in this rule mentioned, to the modifications herein-below respectively specified, *viz.*:—

No. of rule or order.	Modification.	No. of rule or order.	Modification.
2	After the word "Code" insert "and Japtidárs" (*i.e.*, stipendiaries appointed by the Collector to manage attached villages)."		dár shall be divided by the Collector into groups, and the Band Kárkún shall examine all the boundary marks in every village comprised in one such group, every year in rotation. The examining officer," and
35	For the word "the produce of trees belonging to Government" substitute "Where the produce of trees belongs to Government, it."		(3) for the words "Village Accountant," in para. 2, substitute "examining officer."
45	For "Village Officers" read "Village Accountant or Japtidár where there is one, and of the Band Kárkún where there is no Village Accountant or Japtidár."	104	For "Village Officers" substitute "Village Accountant or Japtidár, if there be one."
46, para. 1	Omit the words "of Section 46, or" and for the last two words substitute "section."	111	(1) In clause 1 (*c*), for the words "the grass or any other produce of land" substitute "any produce," and
56	For the words "under Rule 66" substitute "by the Collector."		(2) in clause 1 (*d*) omit the words "from land," and
102	(1) For the words "Village Officers" substitute "Village Accountants and Japtidárs" and		(3) in clause 4 for the words "Village Officer" substitute "Police Patel, Village Accountant or Japtidár," and
	(2) for the words "November or December and the Village Accountant" substitute "January or February. Villages in which there is no Village Accountant or Japti-		(4) in clause 5 for the words "Village Officer" substitute "Village Accountant or Japtidár."

Appointing an ex-officio Khoti Settlement Officer in the Ratnágiri District.

Notn. No. 4719, dated 7th July 1890, B. G. G., 1890, Pt. I, p. 654.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Collector of Ratnágiri to be *ex-officio* Khoti Settlement Officer in the Ratnágiri District with effect from 1st June 1890, * *

Appointing an ex-officio Assistant Khoti Settlement Officer.

Notn. No. 10409, dated 18th December 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 1259.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant Collector in charge of the Chiplún, Khed and Dápoli Talukas of the Ratnágiri District to be *ex-officio* Assistant Khoti Settlement Officer.

Rules and Orders under Bombay Act I of 1883 (*Bombay Highway*).

Applying the Act to certain local areas in Poona, Kirkee, Ahmedabad Belgaum, Malegaon and Karwar.

Notn. No. 20, dated 24th April 1883, B. G. G., 1883, Pt. I, p. 318.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council hereby notifies, under Section 2 of Bombay Act No. I of 1883, the "Bombay Highway Act, 1883," that the said Act shall apply to the local areas specified below, that is to say :—

I. To the City of Poona and the Cantonments and Stations of Poona and Kirkee.

II. *To the City, Cantonment, and Station of Ahmedabad*[1].

III. To the Town, Cantonment, and Station of Belgaum.

IV. To the Town, Cantonment, and Station of Málegaon.

V. To the Town and Station of Kárwár.

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(1) The portion in Italics was superseded by Notification No. 51, dated 21st December 1883, printed on page 600, *infra*.

Applying the Act to certain villages in the vicinity of Poona and Kirkee.

Notn. No. 37, dated 1st October 1883, B. G. G., 1883, Pt. I, p. 737.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council hereby notifies, under Section 2 of Bombay Act No. I of 1883, the "Bombay Highway Act, 1883," that the said Act shall apply to the villages (1) specified in the margin in the vicinity of Poona and Kirkee and all lands comprised within the revenue survey maps of Poona and Kirkee, as well as to the City of Poona and the Cantonments and Stations of Poona and Kirkee already notified.

Yerrowda.
New Kirkee.
Mali Munjeri.
Mundhawa.
Ghorpadi.
Wánowri.
Kondve Khurd.
Bhámburda.
Parvati.
Dhankowdi.
Kondve Budruk.
Dhawde.
Katraj.
Yerandowna.
Kothrud.
Páshán.
Banere.
Bawdhan Budruk and Bawdhan Khurd (2).
Bhosri.
Bapudi.
Bhopkhel.
Vadgaon Budruk.
Dhairi.
Hingne Budruk and Hingne Khurd (2).
Aundh.
Kharadi.

Notn. No. 5, dated 19th January 1884, B. G. G., 1884, Pt. I, p. 50.—In the list of villages embodied in Government Notification No. 37, dated 1st October 1883, published at page 737 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 4th October 1883, *for* "Hingne Budruk" *read* "Hingne Budruk and Hingne Khurd," and *for* "Baudhan" *read* "Bawdhan Budruk" and "Bawdhan Khurd."

Notn. No. 85, dated 16th October 1895, B. G. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 1047.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council hereby notifies, under Section 2 of Bombay Act I of 1883, the Bombay Highway Tax Act, 1883, that the villages and lands specified in the margin in the Haveli Táluka of the Poona District shall be excluded from the local area previously notified as being amenable to the assessment under the said Act.

1. Dhayri,
2. Vadgaon Budruk,
3. Hingne Khurd,
4. Sángwi,
5. Dápuri,
6. Pimple Gurao,
7. Bhosri,
8. Bopkhel,
9. Hadapsar,
10. Fursungi,
11. Umli Dewach,

and

all lands of Kátraj village lying to the south of Survey Nos. 115, 114, 111, 92, 95, 70, 69, 63, 64, 50, 49 and 52 comprised within the Revenue Survey map of that village.

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(1) For the exclusion of certain villages from the operation of this Notification, see Notification No. 85 dated 16th October 1895, printed on this page.

(2) These corrections were made by Notification No. 5, dated 19th January 1884, printed on this page.

Applying the Act to certain local areas in Ahmedabad.

Notn. No. 51, dated 21st December 1883, B. G. G., 1883, Pt. I, p. 1024.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 2 of the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, and with reference to the Notification No. 20, published at page 318 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 26th April 1883[1], the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall apply to the Municipal District *and Cantonment*[2] of Ahmedabad and to the area bounded as follows (namely) :—

On the south by the Municipal District of Ahmedabad ;
On the west and north-west by the river Sábarmati ;
On the north-east by the Cantonment of Ahmedabad ;
On the east by the road leading from the Camp to the Railway Station of Ahmedabad.

Levy of tax on vehicles, &c., from persons owning or having charge of the same and residing in certain local areas in Poona and Kirkee.

Notn. No. 50, dated 19th December 1883, B. G. G., 1883, Pt. I, p. 1002.—With reference to Government Notification No. 37[3], published at page 737 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 4th October 1883, extending the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, to certain villages in the vicinity of Poona and Kirkee and to all lands comprised within the Revenue Survey maps of Poona and Kirkee as well as to the City of Poona and the Cantonments and Stations of Poona and Kirkee, it is hereby notified for general information that a tax will be levied, on and after the 31st January 1884, from all persons resident within the local area so notified owning or having charge of any such vehicle, horse or pony as is hereinafter described at the following rates (namely)—

1. For every four-wheeled vehicle on spring ... Rs. 5 per quarter.
2. For every two wheeled vehicle on springs ... Rs. 3 per quarter.
3. For every cart or hackery drawnby bn Bocks ... Rs. 1-2-0 per quarter.
4. For every horse, or pony of the height of 12 hands or upwards ... ... Rs. 2-8-0 per quarter.

Provided that the above tax shall not be levied within the limits of the Municipality of Poona so long as a Municipal tax on vehicles and animals is levied therein.

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(1) Printed at page 593, *supra*.

(2) The Cantonment of Ahmedabad is excluded from the area specified, *vide* Notification No. 61, dated 10th November 1885, printed on the next page.

(3) Printed at page 599, *supra*.

Levy of tax on vehicles, &c., from persons owning or having charge of the same and residing in certain local areas in Ahmedabad.

Notn. No. 52, dated 21st December 1883, B. G. G., 1883, Pt. I, p. 1024.—With reference to Government Notification No. 51, dated 21st December 1883[1], published above, extending the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, to the Municipal District *and to the Cantonment*[2] and Station of Ahmedabád, it is hereby notified for general information that a tax will be levied on and after the 1st January 1884 from all persons resident within the local area so notified owning or having charge of any such vehicle, horse or pony as is hereinafter described at the following rates (namely) :—

1. For every four-wheeled vehicle on springs ... ... Rs. 5 per quarter;
2. For every two-wheeled vehicle on springs ... ... Rs. 3 per quarter;
3. For every cart or hackery drawn by bullocks... ... Rs. 1-2 per quarter;
4. For every horse, or pony of the height of 12 hands or upwards, ... Rs. 2-8 per quarter;

Provided that the above tax shall not be levied within the limits of the Municipality of Ahmedabad so long as a Municipal tax on vehicles and animals is levied therein.

Excluding the Cantonment of Ahmedabad from the areas specified in Notifications Nos. 51 and 52 of 1883.

Notn. No. 61, dated 10th November 1885, B. G. G., 1885, Pt. I, p. 1289.—With reference to Notifications Nos. 51[1] and 52[3], published at page 1024 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of 27th December 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the Cantonment of Ahmedabad shall be excluded from the local area specified in the said Notifications.

Rules for the assessment and recovery of the Highway Tax.

Notn. No. 2, dated 4th January 1884, B. G. G., 1884, Pt. I, p. 21.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following Rules for the assessment and recovery of the tax from time to time leviable under the said Act in any local area notified under Section 2 thereof (namely) :—

PRELIMINARY.

"Collector" defined.

1. In these Rules the word "Collector" means, in a Military Cantonment, the Cantonment Magistrate, and elsewhere the Collector of the district, or such other officer as he empowers to carry out these Rules.

ASSESSMENT.

Assessment book to be kept.

2. The Collector shall cause to be prepared once a year, in a book to be provided by him for this purpose, a list of the persons liable to the said tax, showing in distinct columns :

(*a*) the names and residences of such persons;

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(1) Printed at page 600, *supra*.

(2) The Cantonment of Ahmedabad is excluded from the area specified ; *vide* Notification No. 61, dated 10th November 1885, printed on this page.

(3) Printed on this page.

(*b*) the description of vehicles or animals in respect of which they are respectively liable to the tax;

(*c*) the amount of tax for which each such person is assessed for each quarter of the year; and

(*d*) the amount of the said tax, if any, remitted in each quarter under Clause (*b*) or (*c*) of Section 3 of the Act.

The said book shall be kept at the office of the Collector and shall be open to the inspection of any respectable resident of the local area within which the tax is leviable.

Returns to be required by the Collector from persons supposed to be liable to the tax.

3. To enable the Collector to have such list prepared, he shall send to every person, supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax, a schedule which he shall desire him to fill up with such information respecting the vehicles and animals owned by such person, or in his charge, as the Collector thinks necessary for the assessment of the tax, and to return it, under his signature or mark, within one week from the receipt thereof.

Every person to whom any such schedule is sent shall be bound to fill up and return the same as so required, whether he be liable to be assessed with the tax or not.

(For additional Rule 3 A, see Notification No. 32, dated 13th June, 1884, printed at page 606, infra.)

Notice to be given to the Collector by persons who become newly possessed of vehicles or animals liable to the tax.

4. Every person who becomes possessed of any vehicle or animal, in respect of which he will be liable for the first time to the tax aforesaid, shall be bound, within fifteen days of his becoming possessed of the same, to give notice thereof in writing to the Collector.

Claims to total or partial exemption how to be notified.

5. Every person, who claims under Clause (*b*) or (*c*) of Section 3 of the Act to be exempt from two-thirds or from the whole of the said tax in respect of any vehicle or animal owned by him or in his charge during any quarter, shall forward by post to the Collector, or leave at his office, not later than the last day of such quarter, a notice in writing, under his signature or mark, setting forth the facts on which such claim is based.

The Collector may:

6. The Collector, or any person authorized by him in this behalf, may:—

inspect stables, &c.; and

(*a*) at any time between 5 A.M. and 7 P. M. enter and inspect any stable or coach-house or any place in which he may have reason to believe there is any vehicle or animal in respect whereof the aforesaid tax is leviable;

summon persons to give information.

(*b*) summon any person whom he has reason to believe to be liable to the said tax, or any servant of such person, and to examine such person or servant as to the liability of such person to the tax, and as to the number and description of the vehicles or animals, if any, in respect of which such person is so liable.

COLLECTION.

Tax for what quarters and when leviable.

7. The said tax shall be payable for each of the following four quarters of every year, *viz.*:—

(1) 1st January to 31st March;
(2) 1st April to 30th June;
(3) 1st July to 30th September;
(4) 1st October to 31st December.

It shall ordinarily be payable in arrear on the first day of the quarter next following that for which it is due; but in the case of a person who ceases to be a resident of the local area in which the tax is leviable at any time during the currency of a quarter, it shall be payable one week before such person's departure from the said area.

Bills to be presented.

8. When any tax shall have become due, the Collector shall, with the least practicable delay, cause to be presented to the person liable to the payment thereof a bill for the sum due. The bill shall specify the quarter, or portion of the quarter, and the vehicles or animals in respect of which the tax is charged and the name of the person from whom it is claimed, and shall contain a notice that the amount of the bill must be paid into the Collector's office within fifteen days from the date of the presentation of the said bill.

Hearing of complaints.

9. Complaints against the assessment of any tax under these Rules or the amount thereof, may be made to the Collector by application in writing forwarded by post or left at his office, at any time within seven days from the date of the presentation of the bill for such tax, and upon hearing such complaints the Collector may make such amendments, if any, in the book kept under Rule 2 and in the bill as he shall think proper, and if he thinks that the complainant is not liable to the tax, he shall cancel the bill.

Notice of demand.

10. If any bill, which is not cancelled under the last preceding Rule, is not paid by the person from whom payment is claimed, or on his behalf, within fifteen days from the presentation thereof, the Collector may cause to be served upon the defaulter a notice of demand in Form A, hereto annexed, or to the like effect, and if he do not within fifteen days from the service of such notice of demand pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause for non-payment of the same, to the satisfaction of the Collector, and if no appeal shall have been preferred and the amount of the tax deposited as hereinafter provided, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by order of the Collector under a warrant in Form B, hereto annexed, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter.

For every notice of demand under this section which the Collector shall cause to be served upon any person, a fee not exceeding one rupee, the amount of which shall be in each case fixed by the Collector, shall be paid by each person. Such fee shall be added to the amount of the tax in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied as costs in the same manner as such tax may be levied.

Goods of defaulter wherever found may be distrained.

11. The goods and chattels of any person from whom any tax is due may be distrained, wherever the same may be found, for default in the payment of the money due from such person.

Inventory Notice of Distress.

12. The officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress shall make an inventory of the goods and chattels seized under any such warrant, and shall at the same time give a notice in writing, in Form C, hereto annexed, to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said goods and chattels will be sold as therein mentioned.

Sale.

13. If the warrant is not in the meantime discharged or suspended by the Collector, the goods and chattels seized shall be sold under the orders of

the Collector, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in discharge of the tax and of the costs payable by the defaulter, and the surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand to the person in possession of the goods and chattels at the time of the seizure.

Fees. Fees shall be payable upon distraints under these rules at the rates set forth in Table D, hereto annexed, and shall be recoverable from the defaulter as costs in addition to the amount of the tax.

Collector may sue instead or on failure of distress. **14.** Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or, in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of the sum due by a defaulter, the Collector may sue the defaulter in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

APPEALS.

When and to whom appeals may be made. **15.** Appeals against any tax assessed and claimed under the foregoing provisions shall be heard and determined, in Military Cantonments by the Cantonment Committee, and elsewhere by the Commissioner of the Division, or by such other officer as Government from time to time direct. But no such appeal shall be heard unless:—

(*a*) the amount of the tax has first of all been deposited with the Collector; and

(*b*) a complaint has been previously made under Rule 9 to the Collector, and such complaint has been disposed of by the Collector; and

(*c*) the appeal is brought within fifteen days from the date of the presentation of the bill for the tax complained of, or, if a complaint have been made against it under Rule 9, within fifteen days from the date of the Collector's order disposing of such complaint.

If the appellate authority decreases or remits the amount of the tax, the Collector shall grant to the appellant a refund accordingly.

(*For additional Rule 16, see Notification No. 65, dated 10th September 1887, printed at page 607, infra.*)

FORM A. (*See Rule* 10).

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

of

Take notice that the Collector demands from you the sum of ' due from you on account of the tax leviable under the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, for the quarter ending on the 18 · , as per Bill No. dated already presented to you; and that, if the sum due is not paid into the said Collector's office at , or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shown to the Collector within fifteen days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

Date.

(*Signature of the Collector.*)

FORM B. (*See Rule* 10).

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To

(*Here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the warrant.*)

Whereas of has not paid, or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of, the sum of rupees due for the tax leviable under the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, for the quarter ending on the 18 , although the said sum has been only demanded in writing from the said , and fifteen days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand; This is to command you to distrain the goods and chattels of the said to the amount of the said sum of rupees , and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping and selling such distress; and if within five days next after such distress, the said sum shall not be paid together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said goods and chattels; and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of rupees, and the charges of taking, keeping and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand, to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said goods and chattels. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the goods and chattels of the said you are to certify the same to me, together with this warrant. Dated

(*Signature of the Collector.*)

Seal.

FORM C. (*See Rule* 12).

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(*Here state particulars of goods seized.*)

To

of

Take notice that I have this day seized the goods and chattels specified in the above inventory for the sum of rupees due by on account of the tax leviable under the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, for the quarter ending on the 18 ; and that unless you pay into the office of the Collector the amount due, together with the costs of this distress, within five days from the date of this notice, the goods and chattels will be sold.

(*Signature of the Officer executing the Warrant of Distress.*)

Date.

TABLE D. (*See Rule* 13.)

Table of Fees payable in Distraints under these rules :—

Sum distrained for.	Fee. Rs.	a.	p.
Under 5 Rupees	0	4	0
Not less than Rs. 5 and under Rs. 10 ...	0	8	0
Do. „ 10 do. „ 15 ...	0	12	0
Do. „ 15 do. „ 20 ...	1	0	0
Do. „ 20 do. „ 25 ...	1	4	0
Do. „ 25 do. „ 30 ...	1	8	0
Do. „ 30 do. „ 35 ...	1	12	0
Do. „ 35 do. „ 40 ...	2	0	0
Do. „ 40 do. „ 45 ...	2	4	0
Do. „ 45 do. „ 50 ...	2	8	0
Do. „ 50 do. „ 60 ...	3	0	0
Do. „ 60 do. „ 80 ...	3	12	0
Do. „ 80 do. „ 100 ...	4	8	0
Above 100 Rupees	5	0	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four annas must be paid daily for each man.

Notn. No. 32, dated 13th June 1884, B. G. G., 1884, Pt. I, p. 445.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rule and to direct that it be inserted between Nos. 3 and 4 of the rules for the assessment and recovery of the tax leviable under the said Act framed under the said section and published in Notification No. 2 of 1884, at pages 24—27 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for the 10th January 1884 ; (*viz.*) :—

Persons liable to be assessed.

"3*A*.—The person who keeps any vehicle or animal for use, whether he be the owner thereof or a person who hires it or has the loan of it, or has charge of it in any other capacity, shall be deemed to be the person liable to be assessed with the tax.

"If one and the same vehicle or animal be so kept for use in any quarter by two or more different persons, each person who so keeps the vehicle or animal for more than fifteen days shall be assessed with the tax according to the provisions of the Act : provided that,

"(*a*) if a vehicle or animal is kept for use by several different persons, other than the owner thereof, consecutively in one quarter, all or some of whom are not liable to the tax, owing to their not keeping the vehicle or animal for more than fifteen days each, the owner of the said vehicle or animal shall, if resident within the local area in which the tax is leviable, be assessed with the quarter's tax or with the portion of the quarter's tax not recoverable from any of the said persons, as the case may be ;

"(*b*) the aggregate of the sums recovered from any two or more persons for any one quarter in respect of any one vehicle or animal shall not exceed the full amount of the tax leviable for that quarter in respect of such vehicle or animal."

Notn. No. 65, dated 10th September 1887, B. G. G., 1887, Pt. I, p. 796.—Under the provisions of Section 4 of the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following Rule, and to direct that it be added as No. 16 to the rules framed under the said section and published on pages 24—27 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, 1884:—

"16. It shall be lawful for the Collector to direct that any balances of tax which have remained due for more than one year may be written off if, after the requisite enquiry, he is satisfied that they are irrecoverable."

Exempting persons owning or having charge of carriages licensed to be used as Stage carriages from the tax imposable under Section 3 of the Act.

Notn. No. 23, dated 21st May 1884, B. G. G., 1884, Pt. I, p. 388.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 8 of the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt every person owning or having charge of a carriage, licensed under Act XVI of 1861 to be used as a stage carriage, from the tax imposable on such carriage under Section 3 of the first-named Act, provided that, during any quarter for which exemption is claimed, the carriage is not used in any local area in which the said Bombay Highway Act is in force for any purpose other than the conveyance of passengers for hire over distances exceeding twenty miles.

Exempting persons owning or having charge of carts used in the employ of the Poona Cantonment Committee for removal of night-soil, &c., from the tax imposable under Section 3 of the Act.

Notn. No. 36, dated 4th August 1884, B. G. G., 1884, Pt. I, p. 578.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 8 of the Bombay Highway Act, 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt every person owning or having charge of a cart used in the employ of the Poona Cantonment Committee for the removal of night-soil and rubbish, or for watering roads, from the tax imposable on such cart under Section 3 of the said Act.

Rules and Orders under Bombay Act II of 1883.

(*Karáchi Tramways.*)

Construction of a new line of Tramway viá Napier and Lawrence Roads to the Municipal Gardens, Karáchi.

Notn. No. 1344, dated 23rd July 1889, S. O. G., 1889, Pt. I, p. 94.—In exercise of the powers of a Local Government, vested in him under Notification